

FDA Strengthens BSE Safeguards Animal Feed

Blog Archive

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About Me



**T E R R Y S
S I N G E L T**

My mother was murdered by what I call corporate and political homicide i.e. FOR PROFIT! she died from a rare phenotype of CJD i.e. the Heidenhain Variant of Creutzfeldt Jakob Disease i.e. sporadic, simply meaning from unknown route and source. I have simply been trying to validate her death DOD 12/14/97 with the truth. There is a route, and there is a source. There are many here in the USA. WE must make CJD and all human TSE, of all age groups 'reportable' Nationally and Internationally, with a written CJD questionnaire asking real questions pertaining to route and source of this agent. Friendly fire has the potential to play a huge role in the continued transmission of this agent via the medical, dental, and surgical arena. We must not flounder any longer. ...TSS

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T U E S D A Y , A P R I L 1 9 , 2 0 1 6

Docket No. FDA-2013-N-0764 for Animal Feed Regulatory Program Standards Singeltary Comment Submission

Docket No. FDA-2013-N-0764 for "Animal Feed Regulatory Program Standards." Singeltary Comment,

Greetings FDA et al,

I would kindly like to comment on ;

Docket No. FDA-2013-N-0764 for "Animal Feed Regulatory Program Standards."

I implore that we close the mad cow feed loopholes with cervid, and we must enforce existing feed regulations against the BSE TSE Prion. we have failed terribly in this.

the august 1997 mad cow feed ban was nothing but ink on paper, imo. please see ;

31 Jan 2015 at 20:14 GMT

*** Ruminant feed ban for cervids in the United States? ***

31 Jan 2015 at 20:14 GMT

see Singeltary comment ;

<http://www.plosone.org/annotation/listThread.action?root=85351>

SEE WHAT DEFRA MAFF ET AL SAID JUST LAST MONTH ABOUT THIS ;

Thursday, April 07, 2016

What is the risk of chronic wasting disease being introduced into Great Britain? An updated Qualitative Risk Assessment March 2016

Sheep and cattle may be exposed to CWD via common grazing areas with affected deer but so far, appear to be poorly susceptible to mule deer CWD (Sigurdson, 2008).

***In contrast, cattle are highly susceptible to white-tailed deer CWD and mule deer CWD in experimental conditions but no natural CWD infections in cattle have been reported (Sigurdson, 2008; Hamir et al., 2006). It is not known how susceptible humans are to CWD but given that the prion can be present in muscle, it is likely that humans have been exposed to the agent via consumption of venison (Sigurdson, 2008). Initial experimental research, however, suggests that human susceptibility to CWD is low and there may be a robust species barrier for CWD transmission to humans (Sigurdson, 2008). It is apparent, though, that CWD is affecting wild and farmed cervid populations in endemic areas with some deer populations decreasing as a result.

snip...

For the purpose of the qualitative risk assessment developed here it is necessary to estimate the probability that a 30-ml bottle of lure contains urine from an infected deer. This requires an estimate of the proportion of deer herds in the USA which are infected with CWD together with the within herd prevalence.

The distribution map of CWD in US shows it is present mainly in central states (Figure 1). However, Virginia in the east of the country has recorded seven recent cases of CWD (Anon 2015a). Some US manufacturers claim to take steps to prevent urine being taken from infected animals eg by sourcing from farms where the deer are

randomly tested for CWD (Anon 2015a). However, if disease is already present and testing is not carried out regularly, captive populations are not necessarily disease free (Strausser 2014). Urine-based deer lures have been known to be collected from domestic white-tailed deer herds and therefore there is a recognised risk. This is reflected by 6 US States which have

14

banned the use of natural deer urine for lures, as the deer urine may be sourced from CWD-endemic areas in the USA as well as from areas free of CWD. For example, the US State of Virginia is banning the use of urine-based deer lures on July 2015 and Vermont from 2016 due to the risk of spread of CWD. Alaska banned their use in 2012 (Anon 2015a). Pennsylvania Game Commission has banned urine-based deer lures and acknowledged that there is no way to detect their use (Strausser 2014). On the basis of unpublished data (J. Manson, Pers. Comm.) it appears that up to 50% of deer herds can be infected with 80-90% of animals infected within some herds.

*** It is therefore assumed that probability that a 30-ml bottle of deer urine lure imported from the USA is sourced from an infected deer is medium.

SNIP...

In the USA, under the Food and Drug Administration's BSE Feed Regulation (21 CFR 589.2000) most material (exceptions include milk, tallow, and gelatin) from deer and elk is prohibited for use in feed for ruminant animals. With regards to feed for non-ruminant animals, under FDA law, CWD positive deer may not be used for any animal feed or feed ingredients. ***For elk and deer considered at high risk for CWD, the FDA recommends that these animals do not enter the animal feed system. ***However, this recommendation is guidance and not a requirement by law.

*** Animals considered at high risk for CWD include:

***1) animals from areas declared to be endemic for CWD and/or to be CWD eradication zones and

***2) deer and elk that at some time during the 60-month period prior to slaughter were in a captive herd that contained a CWD-positive animal.

***Therefore, in the USA, materials from cervids other than CWD positive animals may be used in animal feed and feed ingredients for non-ruminants. The amount of animal PAP that is of deer and/or elk origin imported from the USA to GB cannot be determined, however, as it is not specified in TRACES. It may constitute a small percentage of the very low tonnage of non-fish origin processed animal proteins that were imported from US into GB.

*** Overall, therefore, it is considered there is a greater than negligible risk that (non-ruminant) animal feed and pet food containing deer and/or elk protein is imported into GB. There is uncertainty associated with this estimate given the lack of data on the amount of deer and/or elk protein possibly being imported in these products.

SNIP...

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/544441/summary-and-more-here.pdf

Summary and MORE HERE;

What is the risk of chronic wasting disease being introduced into Great Britain? An updated Qualitative Risk Assessment March 2016

<http://chronic-wasting-disease.blogspot.com/2016/04/what-is-risk-of-chronic-wasting-disease.html>

10 years post mad cow feed ban August 1997

10,000,000+ LBS. of PROHIBITED BANNED MAD COW FEED I.E. BLOOD LACED MBM IN COMMERCE USA 2007

Date: March 21, 2007 at 2:27 pm PST

RECALLS AND FIELD CORRECTIONS: VETERINARY MEDICINES -- CLASS II

PRODUCT

Bulk cattle feed made with recalled Darling's 85% Blood Meal, Flash Dried, Recall # V-024-2007

CODE

Cattle feed delivered between 01/12/2007 and 01/26/2007

RECALLING FIRM/MANUFACTURER

Pfeiffer, Arno, Inc, Greenbush, WI. by conversation on February 5, 2007.

Firm initiated recall is ongoing.

REASON

Blood meal used to make cattle feed was recalled because it was cross- contaminated with prohibited bovine meat and bone meal that had been manufactured on common equipment and labeling did not bear cautionary BSE statement.

VOLUME OF PRODUCT IN COMMERCE

42,090 lbs.

DISTRIBUTION

WI

PRODUCT

Custom dairy premix products: MNM ALL PURPOSE Pellet, HILLSIDE/CDL Prot- Buffer Meal, LEE, M.-CLOSE UP PX Pellet, HIGH DESERT/ GHC LACT Meal, TATARKA, M CUST PROT Meal, SUNRIDGE/CDL PROTEIN Blend, LOURENZO, K PVM DAIRY Meal, DOUBLE B DAIRY /GHC LAC Mineral, WEST PIONT/GHC CLOSEUP Mineral, WEST POINT/GHC LACT Meal, JENKS, J/COMPASS PROTEIN Meal, COPPINI - 8# SPECIAL DAIRY Mix, GULICK, L-LACT Meal (Bulk), TRIPLE J - PROTEIN/LACTATION, ROCK CREEK/GHC MILK Mineral, BETTENCOURT/GHC S.SIDE MK-MN, BETTENCOURT #1/GHC MILK MINR, V&C DAIRY /GHC LACT Meal, VEENSTRA, F/GHC LACT Meal, SMUTNY, A- BY PASS ML W/SMARTA, Recall # V-025-2007

CODE

The firm does not utilize a code - only shipping documentation with commodity and weights identified.

RECALLING FIRM/MANUFACTURER

Rangen, Inc, Buhl, ID, by letters on February 13 and 14, 2007. Firm initiated recall is complete.

REASON

Products manufactured from bulk feed containing blood meal that was cross contaminated with prohibited meat and bone meal and the labeling did not bear cautionary BSE statement.

VOLUME OF PRODUCT IN COMMERCE

9,997,976 lbs.

DISTRIBUTION

ID and NV

END OF ENFORCEMENT REPORT FOR MARCH 21, 2007

<http://www.fda.gov/Safety/Recalls/EnforcementReports/2007/ucm120446.htm>

16 years post mad cow feed ban August 1997

2013

Sunday, December 15, 2013

FDA PART 589 -- SUBSTANCES PROHIBITED FROM USE IN ANIMAL
FOOD OR FEED VIOLATIONS OFFICIAL ACTION INDICATED OIA
UPDATE DECEMBER 2013 UPDATE

<http://madcowusda.blogspot.com/2013/12/fda-part-589-substances-prohibited-from.html>

17 years post mad cow feed ban August 1997

Monday, October 26, 2015

FDA PART 589 -- SUBSTANCES PROHIBITED FROM USE IN ANIMAL
FOOD OR FEED VIOLATIONS OFFICIAL ACTION INDICATED OIA
UPDATE October 2015

<http://madcowusda.blogspot.com/2015/10/fda-part-589-substances-prohibited-from.html>

Tuesday, December 23, 2014

FDA PART 589 -- SUBSTANCES PROHIBITED FROM USE IN ANIMAL
FOOD OR FEED VIOLATIONS OFFICIAL ACTION INDICATED OAI
UPDATE DECEMBER 2014 BSE TSE PRION

<http://madcowusda.blogspot.com/2014/12/fda-part-589-substances-prohibited-from.html>

2006 WAS A BANNER YEARS TOO FOR MAD COW PROTEIN IN
COMMERCE IN USA. ...SNIP...END

Subject: Re: TEXAS CONFIRMATION OF BOVINE SPONGIFORM
ENCEPHALOPATHY BSE TSE PRION IN ONE SAMPLE OF SORGHUM
DDGS OUT OF 168 DG SAMPLES

***UPDATED CORRECTION BY AUTHOR...SEE EMAIL TO ME...terry

From: Kyung-Min Lee Sent: Thursday, October 01, 2015 1:39 PM

To: Terry S. Singeltary Sr. ; BSE-L@LISTS.AEGEE.ORG

Cc: CJD-L@LISTS.AEGEE.ORG ; cjdvoice@yahoogroups.com ;
bloodcjd@yahoogroups.com ; jcattanach@foodprotection.org ;
cnc3@psu.edu ; dloynachan@foodprotection.org ;
lhovey@foodprotection.org ; Timothy J. Herrman

Subject: RE: TEXAS CONFIRMATION OF BOVINE SPONGIFORM
ENCEPHALOPATHY BSE TSE PRION IN ONE SAMPLE OF SORGHUM
DDGS OUT OF 168 DG SAMPLES

Dear Terry S. Singeltary Sr.

Thank for your interest and concern about our published article
entitled "Evaluation of Selected Nutrients and Contaminants in
Distillers Grains from Ethanol Production in Texas". I should
apologize you and others that there were some errors and misleading
statements in this article due to inappropriate terminology. The
statement you were concerned about was corrected to "One sorghum
DDGS out of 168 DG samples was contaminated with animal protein
prohibited for use in ruminant feed and was channeled to poultry
feed." We requested the journal editor to correct some errors and the
relevant statements, or to withdraw the article from the journal.

Again I sincerely apologize for any confusion and inconvenience this
may cause. Thanks.

best wishes,

Kyung-Min

Kyung-Min Lee, Ph. D. Research Scientist Office of the Texas State
Chemist

Texas A&M AgriLife Research P.O. Box 3160, College Station, TX
77841-3160 Phone: 979-845-4113 (ext 132)
Email: knl@otsc.tamu.edu Fax: 979-845-1389

snip...end...tss

my link corrected

Sunday, September 27, 2015

TEXAS CONFIRMATION OF BOVINE SPONGIFORM
ENCEPHALOPATHY BSE TSE PRION IN ONE SAMPLE OF SORGHUM
DDGS OUT OF 168 DG SAMPLES

<http://bovineprp.blogspot.com/2015/09/texas-confirmation-of-bovine-spongiform.html>

<http://collections.europarchive.org/tna/20090505194948/http://bseinquiry.gov.uk/files/yb/1994/09/29003001.pdf>

Thursday, March 24, 2016

FRANCE CONFIRMS BOVINE SPONGIFORM ENCEPHALOPATHY BSE
MAD COW (ESB) chez une vache dans les Ardennes

<http://bovineprp.blogspot.com/2016/03/france-confirms-bovine-spongiform.html>

Sunday, October 5, 2014

France stops BSE testing for Mad Cow Disease

<http://transmissiblespongiformencephalopathy.blogspot.com/2014/10/france-stops-bse-testing-for-mad-cow.html>

atypical spontaneous BSE in France LOL

FRANCE STOPS TESTING FOR MAD COW DISEASE BSE, and here's
why, to many spontaneous events of mad cow disease \$\$\$

If you Compare France to other Countries with atypical BSE, in my
opinion, you cannot explain this with 'spontaneous'.

Table 1: Number of Atypical BSE cases reported by EU Member States
in the period 2001–2014 by country and by type (L- and H-BSE)
(extracted from EU BSE databases on 1 July 2014). By 2015, these
data might be more comprehensive following a request from the
European Commission to Member States for re-testing and
retrospective classification of all positive bovine isolates in the EU in
the years 2003–2009

BSE type

Country 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010
2011 2012 2013(a) 2014(a) Total

H-BSE Austria 1 1

France(b) 1 2 3 1 2 2 2 2 15

Germany 1 1 2

Ireland 1 1 2 1 5

The Netherlands 1 1

Poland 1 1 2

Portugal 1 1

Spain 1 1 2

Sweden 1 1

United Kingdom 1 1 1 1 1 5

Total 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 4 4 5 1 4 1 35

L-BSE Austria 1 1 2

Denmark 1 1

France(b) 1 1 1 1 2 1 3 2 1 1 14

Germany 1 1 2

Italy 1 1 1 1 1 5

The Netherlands 1 1 1 3

Poland 1 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 2

Spain 2 2

United Kingdom 1 1 1 1 4

Total 0 5 3 4 3 3 6 3 3 4 3 6 1 1 4 5

Total Atypical cases (H + L)

2 8 6 5 4 5 8 5 7 8 8 7 5 2 8 0

(a): Data for 2013-2014 are incomplete and may not include all cases/countries reported.

(b): France has performed extensive retrospective testing to classify BSE cases, which is probably the explanation for the higher number of Atypical BSE cases reported in this country.

The number of Atypical BSE cases detected in countries that have already identified them seems to be similar from year to year. In France, a retrospective study of all TSE-positive cattle identified through the compulsory EU surveillance between 2001 and 2007 indicated that the prevalence of H-BSE and L-BSE was 0.35 and 0.41 cases per million adult cattle tested, respectively, which increased to 1.9 and 1.7 cases per million, respectively, in tested animals over eight years old (Biacabe et al., 2008). No comprehensive study on the prevalence of Atypical BSE cases has yet been carried out in other EU Member States. All cases of Atypical BSE reported in the EU BSE databases have been identified by active surveillance testing (59 % in fallen stock, 38 % in healthy slaughtered cattle and 4 % in emergency slaughtered cattle). Cases were reported in animals over eight years of age, with the exception of two cases (one H-BSE and one L-BSE) detected in Spain in 2011/2012. One additional case of H-BSE was detected in Switzerland in 2012 in a cow born in Germany in 2005 (Guldimann et al., 2012).

http://www.efsa.europa.eu/sites/default/files/scientific_output/files/main_documents/3798.pdf

<http://transmissiblespongiformencephalopathy.blogspot.com/2014/10/france-stops-bse-testing-for-mad-cow.html>

Wednesday, July 15, 2015

Additional BSE TSE prion testing detects pathologic lesion in unusual brain location and PrPsc by PMCA only, how many cases have we missed?

<http://transmissiblespongiformencephalopathy.blogspot.com/2015/07/additional-bse-tse-prion-testing.html>

***however in 1 C-type challenged animal, Prion 2015 Poster Abstracts S67 PrPsc was not detected using rapid tests for BSE.

***Subsequent testing resulted in the detection of pathologic lesion in unusual brain location and PrPsc detection by PMCA only.

*** IBNC Tauopathy or TSE Prion disease, it appears, no one is sure

Posted by Terry S. Singeltary Sr. on 03 Jul 2015 at 16:53 GMT

<http://www.plosone.org/annotation/listThread.action?root=86610>

*** Singeltary reply ; Molecular, Biochemical and Genetic Characteristics of BSE in Canada Singeltary reply ;

<http://www.plosone.org/annotation/listThread.action?sessionId=635CE9094E0EA15D5362B7D7B809448C?root=7143>

*** It also suggests a similar cause or source for atypical BSE in these countries. ***

Discussion: The C, L and H type BSE cases in Canada exhibit molecular characteristics similar to those described for classical and atypical BSE cases from Europe and Japan.

*** This supports the theory that the importation of BSE contaminated feedstuff is the source of C-type BSE in Canada.

*** It also suggests a similar cause or source for atypical BSE in these countries. ***

see page 176 of 201 pages...tss

http://www.neuropion.org/resources/pdf_docs/conferences/prion2009/prion2009_bookofabstracts.pdf

Evidence That Transmissible Mink Encephalopathy Results from Feeding Infected Cattle

Over the next 8-10 weeks, approximately 40% of all the adult mink on the farm died from TME.

snip...

The rancher was a "dead stock" feeder using mostly (>95%) downer or dead dairy cattle...

<http://collections.europarchive.org/tna/20090505194948/http://bseinquiry.gov.uk/files/mb/mo9/tab05.pdf>

SEE THE DRASTIC REDUCTION OF CONFIRMED BSE CASES IN THE UK ONCE THE FEED BAN TOOK HOLD FROM THE TOP YEAR DOWN TO THE FIRST ZERO YEAR ;

1992 36680 SLAUGHTERED SUSPECTS IN WHICH BSE CONFIRMED

2013 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

<http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20130402151656/http://www.defra.gov.uk/ahvla-en/files/pub-tse-stats-gboverview.pdf>

<http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20130402151656/http://archive.defra.gov.uk/foodfarm/farmanimal/diseases/atoz/bse/documents/hillreport.pdf>

<http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20130402151656/http://archive.defra.gov.uk/foodfarm/farmanimal/diseases/atoz/bse/controls-eradication/feedban-bornafterban.htm>

<http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20130402151656/http://www.defra.gov.uk/ahvla-en/disease-control/notifiable/bse/>

<http://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20130402151656/http://www.defra.gov.uk/ahvla-en/science/tse/surveillance-stats/>

Saturday, April 16, 2016

APHIS [Docket No. APHIS-2016-0029] Secretary's Advisory Committee on Animal Health; Meeting May 2, 2016, and June 16, 2016 Singeltary Submission

<http://animalhealthreportpriontse.blogspot.com/2016/04/aphis-docket-no-aphis-2016-0029.html>

Sunday, March 20, 2016

UPDATED MARCH 2016 URGENT Docket No. FDA-2003-D-0432 (formerly 03D-0186) Use of Material from Deer and Elk in Animal Feed Singeltary Submission

<http://chronic-wasting-disease.blogspot.com/2016/03/docket-no-fda-2003-d-0432-formerly-03d.html>

Tuesday, April 12, 2016

The first detection of Chronic Wasting Disease (CWD) in Europe

<http://chronic-wasting-disease.blogspot.com/2016/04/the-first-detection-of-chronic-wasting.html>

Friday, April 08, 2016

Arkansas AGFC Chronic Wasting Disease CWD TSE Prion Confirms 23 Additional Cases Total At 79 To Date

<http://chronic-wasting-disease.blogspot.com/2016/04/arkansas->

agfc-chronic-wasting-disease.html

Saturday, April 02, 2016

TEXAS TAHC BREAKS IT'S SILENCE WITH TWO MORE CASES CWD
CAPTIVE DEER BRINGING TOTAL TO 10 CAPTIVES REPORTED TO
DATE

<http://chronic-wasting-disease.blogspot.com/2016/04/texas-tahc-breaks-its-silence-with-two.html>

Friday, February 26, 2016

TEXAS Hartley County Mule Deer Tests Positive for Chronic Wasting
Disease CWD TSE Prion

<http://chronic-wasting-disease.blogspot.com/2016/02/texas-hartley-county-mule-deer-tests.html>

Friday, February 05, 2016

TEXAS NEW CHRONIC WASTING DISEASE CWD CASE DISCOVERED AT
CAPTIVE DEER RELEASE SITE

<http://chronic-wasting-disease.blogspot.com/2016/02/texas-new-chronic-wasting-disease-cwd.html>

Thursday, March 31, 2016

*** Chronic Wasting Disease CWD TSE Prion Roundup USA April 1,
2016 ***

<http://chronic-wasting-disease.blogspot.com/2016/03/chronic-wasting-disease-cwd-tse-prion.html>

Monday, March 28, 2016

National Scrapie Eradication Program February 2016 Monthly
Report

<http://scrapie-usa.blogspot.com/2016/03/national-scrapie-eradication-program.html>

*** Docket No. APHIS-2007-0127 Scrapie in Sheep and Goats Terry
Singeltary Sr. Submission ***

Monday, November 16, 2015

*** Docket No. APHIS-2007-0127 Scrapie in Sheep and Goats Terry
Singeltary Sr. Submission ***

<http://www.regulations.gov/#!documentDetail;D=APHIS-2007-0127-0032>

<http://scrapie-usa.blogspot.com/2015/11/docket-no-aphis-2007-0127-scrapie-in.html>

Friday, March 18, 2016 CFSAN

Constituent Update: FDA Announces Final Rule on Bovine
Spongiform Encephalopathy BSE MAD COW TSE PRION Center for
Food Safety and Applied Nutrition - Constituent Update

<http://bseusa.blogspot.com/2016/03/cfsan-constituent-update-fda-announces.html>

Tuesday, March 15, 2016

Docket No. FDA-2016-N-0321 Risk Assessment of Foodborne Illness
Associated with Pathogens from Produce Grown in Fields Amended
with Untreated Biological Soil Amendments of Animal Origin; Request
for Comments, Scientific Data, and Information Singeltary
Submission

<http://animalhealthreportpriontse.blogspot.com/2016/03/docket-no-fda-2016-n-0321-risk.html>

Monday, April 11, 2016

DECLARATION OF EXTRAORDINARY EMERGENCY DUE TO A
FOREIGN ANIMAL DISEASE TRANSMISSIBLE SPONGIFORM

ENCEPHALOPATHY TSE PRION CHRONIC WASTING DISEASE CWD
IN THE UNITED STATES AND NORTH AMERICA ?

<http://chronic-wasting-disease.blogspot.com/2016/04/declaration-of-extraordinary-emergency.html>

Terry S. Singeltary Sr.

Friday, March 18, 2016

CFSAN Constituent Update: FDA Announces Final Rule on Bovine
Spongiform Encephalopathy BSE MAD COW TSE PRION

Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition - Constituent Update

<http://bseusa.blogspot.com/2016/03/cfsan-constituent-update-fda-announces.html>

PLEASE REMEMBER, IN 55 YEARS AND OLDER, THE RATE OF
DOCUMENTED CJD JUMPS TO ONE IN 9,000. the cases are
mounting...

Thursday, April 14, 2016

*** Arizona 22 year old diagnosed with Creutzfeldt Jakob Disease CJD

<http://creutzfeldt-jakob-disease.blogspot.com/2016/04/arizona-22-year-old-diagnosed-with.html>

Terry S. Singeltary Sr. Bacliff, Texas USA 77518
flounder9@verizon.net

Posted by Terry S. Singeltary Sr. at 9:35 AM

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